

Ancient Rome Summed Up

1. Proper Noun - Place
2. First Name Of A Person
3. Noun
4. Animal
5. Occupation
6. Repeat First Place
7. Adverb
8. Repeat First Place
9. Adjective
10. Adjective
11. Adjective
12. Repeat First Place
13. First Name Of A Person
14. Animal (Plural)
15. Event
16. Repeat First Place
17. Proper Noun - Place
18. First Name Of A Person
19. Repeat First Place
20. Verb - Past Tense
21. Verb - Past Tense
22. Verb - Past Tense
23. Noun

24. Verb - Past Tense
25. Present Active Participle
26. Year
27. Adjective
28. First Name Of A Person
29. Proper Noun - Place
30. Event
31. Repeat First Place
32. Noun
33. Number
34. Repeat First Place
35. Adverb
36. Adjective
37. Adjective
38. Proper Noun - Place
39. Repeat First Place
40. Proper Noun - Plural
41. Year
42. Repeat First Place
43. Year
44. Adjective

Ancient Rome Summed Up

According to myth, ancient _____ Proper Noun - Place was founded by Romulus and his twin brother _____ First Name of a Person. The twins were sons of Mars, the god of _____ Noun. They were raised by a _____ Animal, which discovered the abandoned infants on the bank of the Tiber River. Eventually they were adopted by a _____ Occupation and his wife. Romulus became the first king of _____ Repeat first Place. His brother _____ Repeat Last First Name of a Person died _____ Adverb, and he buried him within the ramparts of the city.

_____ Repeat first Place is famous for its _____ Adjective military. This _____ Adjective force allowed them to conquer much of what is now known as Europe. One _____ Adjective military victory for the _____ Repeat first Place was when Publius Cornelius Scipio conquered _____ First Name of a Person (the guy who crossed the Alps with all those _____ Animal (plural)) in Africa. This was the conclusion of the Second Punic _____ Event between _____ Repeat first Place and its long-time enemy, _____ Proper Noun - Place.

_____ First Name of a Person Caesar is one of the most famous _____ Repeat first Place. His rise to power with the first triumvirate marked the beginning of the end for the Roman Republic. Caesar's immortal words "Veni, Vidi, Vici" (which mean "I _____ Verb - Past Tense, I _____ Verb - Past Tense, I _____ Verb - Past Tense") are still well-known to many today. Accused of taking too much _____ Noun from the senators, Caesar was _____ Verb - Past Tense to death while he was _____ present active participle outside of the senate chamber. This happened on the Ides of March in _____ Year BC.

Caesar's nephew, Octavian (who took the name Augustus meaning "_____ Adjective _____ one") rose to power with the second triumvirate. After _____ First Name of a Person _____ Antony and his girlfriend, Cleopatra (the last pharaoh of _____ Proper Noun - Place _____) killed themselves following the _____ Event _____ of Actium, Augustus became the first emperor of _____ Repeat first Place _____. The empire experienced a long period of _____ Noun _____ that began during his reign, which is called the "Pax Romana." This era lasted for approximately _____ Number _____ years.

The fall of _____ Repeat first Place _____ is _____ Adverb _____ disputed by historians. Most agree that the civilization did not experience a _____ Adjective _____ collapse, but declined over hundreds of years. Several factors contributed to this decline, such as _____ Adjective _____ uprisings and the permanent relocation of the capital to Constantinople (today known as _____ Proper Noun - Place _____). _____ Repeat first Place _____ also experienced barbarian invasions and was sacked by the _____ Proper Noun - Plural _____ in _____ Year _____ AD. The end of the _____ Repeat first Place _____ Empire is usually dated around _____ Year _____ AD, which also marks the beginning of Europe's _____ Adjective _____ Ages.