

Lyndon B. Johnson

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Lyndon B. Johnson

Lyndon B. Johnson (1908-73) became the 36th president of the United States following the November 1963

_____ Noun of President John F. Kennedy (1917-1963). Upon taking office, Johnson, a Texan who had served

in both the U.S. House of _____ Proper Noun - Plural and the U.S. _____ Proper Noun, launched an

_____ Adjective slate of progressive reforms aimed at alleviating poverty and creating what he called a "Great

Society" for all _____ Proper Noun - Plural. Many of the programs he introduced--including Medicare and Head

Start--made a lasting impact in the areas of _____ Noun, _____ Noun, _____ Adjective _____ Noun,

_____ Noun and _____ Adjective rights. Despite his impressive _____ Adjective achievements, however,

Johnson's legacy was equally defined by his failure to lead the nation out of the _____ Noun of the

_____ Proper Noun _____ Proper Noun (_____ Number). He declined to run for a second full term in

_____ Noun, and retired to his Texas _____ Noun after leaving the White House in January 1969.