Economics

1.	Noun
2.	Noun
3.	Verb - Base Form
4.	Verb - Base Form
5.	Verb - Base Form
6.	Noun
7.	Adjective
8.	Noun
9.	Adjective
10.	Verb - Base Form
11.	Noun
12.	Adjective
13.	Noun
14.	Verb - Base Form
15.	Adverb
16.	Adverb
17.	Noun
18.	Verb - Base Form
19.	Adjective
20.	Noun
21.	Noun
22.	Verb - Base Form
23.	Adverb

24. Noun
25. Adjective
26. Adverb
27. Adverb
28. Verb - Base Form
29. Adjective
30. <u>Noun</u>
31. Adjective
32. <u>Noun</u>
33. <u>Noun</u>
34. Verb - Base Form
35. Adverb
36. Adjective

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In _____, demand refers to the buying behavior of a household. What does this mean? Basically,

Noun want to try to <u>Verb - Base Form</u> three things:

Why people <u>Verb - Base Form</u> what they buy

How much they're willing to ______ Verb - Base Form

How much they want to buy

Instead of looking at all ______ in the world, however, they try and model how ______Adjective _____ units function: instead of asking, "How does the American market function?" they ask, "What will one household do ?" Each _____, or small-scale decision-making unit, is affected by ______ Adjective _____ factors when making choices about what to buy and how much to <u>Verb - Base Form</u>. For instance, if one household lives in Florida and another lives in _____, they might have different preferences for clothing, since the climates are so different. Consumer preferences weigh heavily in a household's buying decisions. Another factor that affects such decisions is income: a millionaire and an <u>Adjective</u> citizen will have very different purchasing choices, since they have different budgets to work on. All ______ will try to ______ verb -_____ Base Form their utility, that is, make themselves as <u>Adverb</u> as possible, by spending what money they have in the Adverb way possible. By considering both their preferences and their budget, they ensure that they end up with the best combination of <u>Noun</u> possible. Because the household is such a small

unit,

no household has a significant impact on the market, and so the <u>Verb - Base Form</u> of any single household is its Adjective effort to react to the market Noun and the goods available.

At the other side of every Noun is a seller. Economists Verb - Base Form to the behavior of sellers as that market force of supply. It is the ________ forces of supply and demand that make up a market economy. In microeconomics, the smallest Noun of supply is the firm, which is Adjective to the demand unit of the household. Firms operate _______ of each other, making decisions about what to sell, and how much to sell, depending on the price. How do firms make their Adverb decisions? Once they have decided what to sell, a decision they make based on what they ______ Verb - Base Form _____ buyers will want to buy, their decision is then influenced by the market price of the goods. If a firm in Boston decides to sell Adjective hats, they will want to sell more <u>Noun</u> if the going price is high than if the going price is low. Just like households, firms try to maximize their utility when making ______ Adjective _____ decisions. Whereas a buyer's utility is a complex ______ of preferences, needs, and happiness, economists usually assume that sellers derive utility from _____, that is, the more money a seller makes from a sale, the happier it will be. Firms will ______ Verb - Base Form _____ their utility by selling whatever will make them the most money. In this way, sellers' utility is somewhat <u>Adverb</u> to study and understand, since we don't have to take ______ preferences into account (in theory). Instead, we look purely at price and profit.

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