

# Convection and Wind

1. Adjective
2. Verb - Past Tense
3. Noun
4. Noun
5. Adverb
6. Verb - Base Form
7. Verb - Base Form
8. Verb - Base Form
9. Verb - Present Ends In S
10. Adjective
11. Noun
12. Noun
13. Noun

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[\_\_\_\_\_ Adjective \_\_\_\_\_] radiation passes through the atmosphere and is [\_\_\_\_\_ Verb - Past Tense \_\_\_\_\_] by Earth's surface.

The ground re-emits the energy as [ ] \_\_\_\_\_ Noun \_\_\_\_\_ and the ground heats the [\_\_\_\_\_ Noun \_\_\_\_\_] above it. If the

ground is heated [\_\_\_\_\_ Adverb \_\_\_\_\_], some of the air will be warmer than the surrounding air. The gas molecules

in the warmer air [\_\_\_\_\_ Verb - Base Form \_\_\_\_\_ up] and spread out, making the volume of the warm air [

\_\_\_\_\_ Verb - Base Form \_\_\_\_\_] and the density of the warm air [\_\_\_\_\_ Verb - Base Form \_\_\_\_\_]. The warm air is less dense than

the surrounding air, so it [\_\_\_\_\_ Verb - Present ends in S \_\_\_\_\_]. The cooler, denser air rushes in to fill the [

\_\_\_\_\_ Adjective \_\_\_\_\_ pressure] space left by the rising air. This air that flows along the surface from high pressure to

low pressure is [\_\_\_\_\_ Noun \_\_\_\_\_]. The cool air may now heat up and rise and the [\_\_\_\_\_ Noun \_\_\_\_\_] will continue

until there is no longer a temperature [\_\_\_\_\_ Noun \_\_\_\_\_].