French Revolutions

1. Noun _____

French Revolutions

The French Revolution was a period of far-reaching social and political upheaval in France that lasted from 1789

until 1799, and was partially carried forward by ____Noun____ during the later expansion of the French Empire.

The Revolution overthrew the monarchy, established a republic, experienced violent periods of political turmoil,

and finally culminated in a dictatorship by Napoleon that rapidly brought many of its principles to Western

Europe and beyond. Inspired by liberal and radical ideas, the Revolution profoundly altered the course of

modern history, triggering the global decline of absolute monarchies while replacing them with republics.

Through the Revolutionary Wars, it unleashed a wave of global conflicts that extended from the Caribbean to the

Middle East. Historians widely regard the Revolution as one of the most important events in human history.