

# Bride and Prejudice: Part 1

1. Adjective
2. Noun
3. Noun
4. Noun Plural
5. Verb Base Form
6. Verb Past Tense
7. Noun
8. Verb Base Form
9. Adjective
10. Noun Plural
11. Verb Present Ends In Ing
12. Verb Past Tense
13. Verb Present Ends In Ing
14. Adverb
15. Adjective
16. Adjective

# Bride and Prejudice: Part 1

The news that a \_\_\_\_\_ Adjective young gentleman named Charles Bingley has rented the manor of Netherfield Park causes a great \_\_\_\_\_ Noun in the nearby village of Sugar Grove, especially in the Limbrick \_\_\_\_\_ Noun. The Limbricks have five unmarried \_\_\_\_\_ Noun Plural -- from oldest to youngest, Jane, Anna, Mary, Kitty, and Lydia -- and Mrs. Limbrick is \_\_\_\_\_ Verb Base Form to see them all married. After all, It is a truth universally \_\_\_\_\_ Verb Past Tense, that a single man in possession of a good \_\_\_\_\_ Noun, must be in \_\_\_\_\_ Verb Base Form of a wife. After Mr. Limbrick pays a \_\_\_\_\_ Adjective visit to Mr. Bingley, the Limbricks attend a \_\_\_\_\_ Noun Plural at which Mr. Bingley is \_\_\_\_\_ Verb Present ends in ING. He is \_\_\_\_\_ Verb Past Tense with Jane and spends much of the evening \_\_\_\_\_ Verb Present ends in ING with her. His close friend, Branden, is less pleased with the evening and \_\_\_\_\_ Adverb refuses to dance with Anna, which makes everyone view him as \_\_\_\_\_ Adjective and \_\_\_\_\_ Adjective.