

# Tanks

1. Plural Noun
2. Noun
3. Adjective
4. Plural Noun
5. Proper Noun
6. Verb Ending In Ing
7. Plural Noun
8. Adjective
9. Plural Noun
10. Plural Noun
11. Plural Noun
12. Adjective
13. Adjective
14. Plural Noun

# Tanks

A tank is a tracked armoured combat vehicle designed to engage \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Plural noun</sup> head-on, using direct fire from a large \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Noun</sup> and supporting fire from machine guns. Heavy armour as well as a high degree of mobility give it survivability, while the tracks allow it to cross even \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Adjective</sup> \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Plural noun</sup> at high speeds.

Tanks were invented by, and first used in World War I by the \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Proper noun</sup> army to break the deadlock of the trenches, and they evolved gradually to assume the former role of cavalry on the battlefield: to either flank opposing positions with fast movement, or to penetrate defenses by \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Verb ending in ing</sup> \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Plural noun</sup>. Either movement may then be followed up by deep penetration into enemy rear areas, again supported by their high mobility. Tanks seldom operate alone, being organised into \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Adjective</sup> units, usually in combined arms forces. Without such support, tanks, despite their \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Plural noun</sup> and \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Plural noun</sup> are vulnerable to special anti-tank artillery, other tanks, anti-tank mines, \_\_\_\_\_<sup>Plural noun</sup> (at short ranges) as well as specialised anti-tank aircraft such as attack helicopters or close air support aircraft.

While

tanks are expensive to operate and support, they remain among the most formidable and versatile weapons of the modern battlefield, both for their ability to engage \_\_\_\_\_ and their shock value against infantry.